

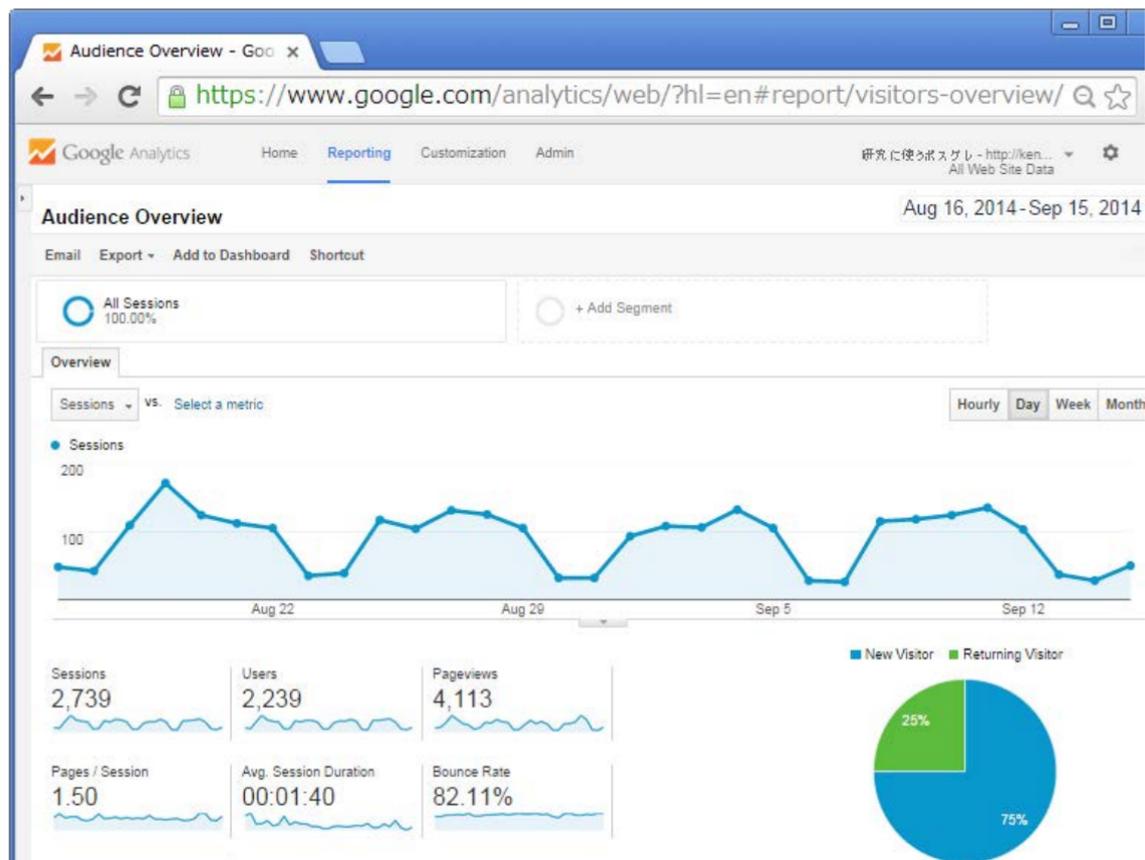
【使ってみた】

PostgreSQL 9.5 の新しい GROUP BY

- + Google Analytics API の JSON を PostgreSQL でテーブル化

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今日のデータ：Google Analytics によるブログアクセス



Google の Analytics API の Core Reporting API (v3.0)

(クエリパラメータ例)

- dimensions=ga:date, ga:country, ga:city, ga:operatingSystem, ……
- metrics=ga:sessions
- start-date=2015-04-01&end-date=1daysAgo

(レスポンスの JSON 一部)

```
{ "columnHeaders": [ {  
    "name": "ga:date",  
    "columnType": "DIMENSION",  
    "dataType": "STRING" }, ……  
    { "rows": [ [  
        "20150401",  
        "Japan",  
        "Saitama",  
        "Windows",  
        "Firefox",  
        "36.0", ……
```

JSON データの処理

1. 一回のレスポンスの JSON を一行ずつテキストファイルに保存

```
{ "columnHeaders" : [ { "name" : "ga:date", "columnType" : .....  
{ "columnHeaders" : [ { "name" : "ga:date", "columnType" : .....  
{ "columnHeaders" : [ { "name" : "ga:date", "columnType" : .....  
}
```

2. テキストファイルを pg_read_file 関数で読み込み、一時テーブル化

```
CREATE TABLE hoge AS  
SELECT unnest (  
    string_to_array( pg_read_file( ' ファイルパス ' ), E'¥n' )  
) :: jsonb;
```

3. JSON のデータ部分（2次元配列）をクエリで表形式に変換
(次頁)

JSON データの処理 (続)

3. JSON のデータ部分 (2次元配列) を表形式に変換

```
CREATE TABLE fuga AS
```

```
SELECT
```

```
( ary->>0 ) :: date AS ymd, -- 添字が 0 から (配列型は 1 から)
```

```
( ary->>1 ) :: int AS h24,
```

```
ary->>2 AS country,
```

```
ary->>3 AS os,
```

```
ary->>4 AS browser,
```

```
( ary->>5 ) :: int AS sessions ( , …… )
```

```
FROM (
```

```
SELECT jsonb_array_elements(jsonb_dat -> 'rows') AS ary
```

```
FROM hoge
```

```
) foo;
```

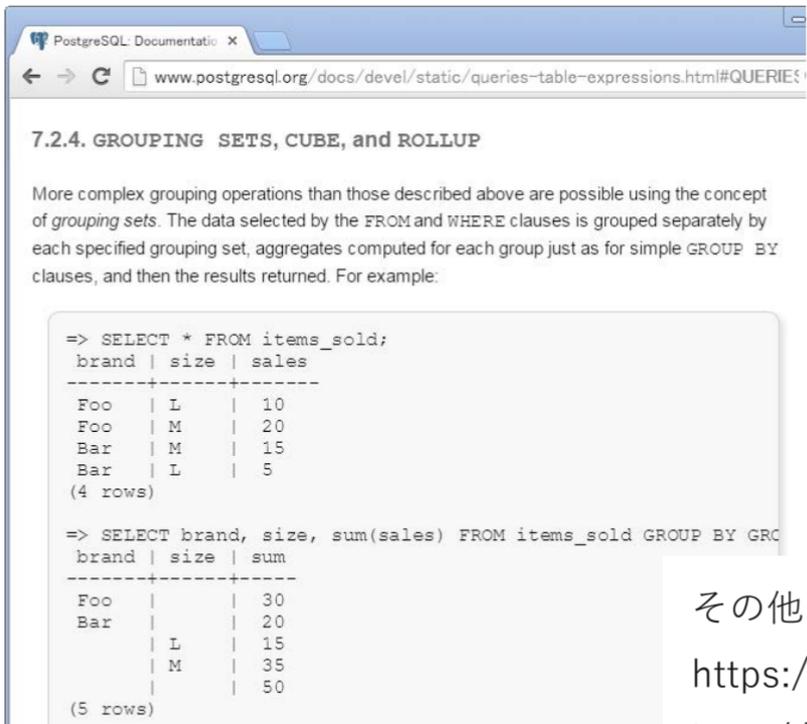
できたテーブル

Output pane

	Data Output	Explain	Messages	History						
	data_id integer	ymd date	h24 inte	city text	os text	browser text	browser_ver text	page_title text	page_views integer	
33866	2	2015-05-28	20	Chuo	Windows	Internet Exp	11.0	psycopg2 でリアルタ	1	
33867	2	2015-05-28	20	Osaka	Windows	Firefox	31.0	コードをポストグレ内	1	
33868	2	2015-05-28	20	Saitama	Macintosh	Chrome	43.0.2357.65	CentOS 6.6 で環境解	1	
33869	2	2015-05-28	21	Kawasaki	Windows	Chrome	43.0.2357.81	pgAdmin クエリツウ	1	
33870	2	2015-05-28	21	Nagoya	Windows	Internet Exp	9.0	Excel データインポ	1	
33871	2	2015-05-28	21	Osaka	Android	Chrome	42.0.2311.111	ポータブルなRとPos	1	
33872	2	2015-05-28	21	Osaka	Windows	Chrome	43.0.2357.81	VBS で Excel データ	1	
33873	2	2015-05-28	21	Osaka	Windows	Chrome	43.0.2357.81	psql + COPY コマン	1	
33874	2	2015-05-28	22	Izumi	Linux	Firefox	37.0	CentOS 6.6 で環境解	1	
33875	2	2015-05-28	22	Kawasaki	Windows	Internet Exp	11.0	R + Qt で簡易コン	1	
33876	2	2015-05-28	22	Kochi	Macintosh	Firefox	38.0	リサンプリングを用	1	
33877	2	2015-05-28	22	Osaka	Android	Chrome	42.0.2311.111	CentOS で PL/R をイ	1	
33878	2	2015-05-28	22	Shibuya	iOS	Safari	8.0	CentOS 6.6 で環境解	1	
33879	2	2015-05-28	22	Urayasu	Windows	Firefox	38.0	日付の妥当性を PL/R	1	
33880	2	2015-05-28	22	Yokohama	Windows	Chrome	43.0.2357.81	東芝 R732 : SSD 換	1	
33881	2	2015-05-28	23	Chiyoda	Windows	Chrome	43.0.2357.81	pgAdmin クエリツウ	1	
33882	2	2015-05-28	23	Fukuoka	Macintosh	Safari	8.0.6	pgAdmin の便利機能	1	
33883	2	2015-05-28	23	Fukuoka	Macintosh	Safari	8.0.6	pgAdmin: ショートカ	1	
33884	2	2015-05-28	23	Osaka	iOS	Safari	8.0	横罫線だけの表を Pl	1	
33885	2	2015-05-28	23	San Diego	Windows	Firefox	38.0	CentOS 6.6 で環境解	1	
33886	2	2015-05-28	23	Shinjuku	Windows	Firefox	38.0	紛わしい関数 readl	1	
33887	2	2015-05-28	23	Yokohama	Macintosh	Chrome	43.0.2357.81	PostgreSQL 9.4 Win	1	

【本題】 PostgreSQL 9.5 の新しい GROUP BY 機能

参考：英語ドキュメント devel 版 → 7.2. Table Expressions → 7.2.4



7.2.4. GROUPING SETS, CUBE, and ROLLUP

More complex grouping operations than those described above are possible using the concept of *grouping sets*. The data selected by the FROM and WHERE clauses is grouped separately by each specified grouping set, aggregates computed for each group just as for simple GROUP BY clauses, and then the results returned. For example:

```
=> SELECT * FROM items_sold;
brand | size | sales
-----+-----+-----
Foo   | L   |    10
Foo   | M   |    20
Bar   | M   |    15
Bar   | L   |     5
(4 rows)
```

```
=> SELECT brand, size, sum(sales) FROM items_sold GROUP BY GROUPING SETS (
brand | size | sum
-----+-----+-----
Foo   |     |    30
Bar   |     |    20
      | L   |    15
      | M   |    35
      |     |    50
(5 rows)
```

GROUP BY

GROUPING SETS (…)

CUBE (…)

ROLLUP (…)

その他の参考

<https://wiki.postgresql.org/wiki/>

<http://www.depesz.com/> など

普通の GROUP BY

```
pg95plr=#  
pg95plr=# -- 普通の GROUP BY (列名でなく列番号を使用)  
pg95plr=# SELECT os, browser, sum(sessions)  
pg95plr=# FROM test.ga_tbl  
pg95plr=# GROUP BY 1, 2  
pg95plr=# HAVING sum(sessions) > 20  
pg95plr=# ORDER BY 1, 2  
pg95plr=# ;
```

os	browser	sum
Android	Android Browser	144
Android	Chrome	279
Android	Firefox	78
Android	Opera	26
iOS	Chrome	35
iOS	Safari	471
Linux	Chrome	145
Linux	Firefox	490
Macintosh	Chrome	950
Macintosh	Firefox	278
Macintosh	Safari	602
Windows	Chrome	10285
Windows	Firefox	4900
Windows	Internet Explorer	8489
Windows	Iron	62
Windows	Opera	276

(16 rows)

GROUPING SETS : GROUP BY を集計行に変える or 足す

```

pg95plr=#
pg95plr=# -- 普通の GROUP BY (列名でなく列番
pg95plr=# SELECT os, browser, sum(sessions)
pg95plr=# FROM test.ga_tbl
pg95plr=# GROUP BY 1, 2
pg95plr=# HAVING sum(sessions) > 20
pg95plr=# ORDER BY 1, 2
pg95plr=# ;

```

os	browser	sum
Android	Android Browser	144
Android	Chrome	279
Android	Firefox	78
Android	Opera	26
iOS	Chrome	35
iOS	Safari	471
Linux	Chrome	145
Linux	Firefox	490
Macintosh	Chrome	950
Macintosh	Firefox	278
Macintosh	Safari	602
Windows	Chrome	10285
Windows	Firefox	4900
Windows	Internet Explorer	8489
Windows	Iron	62
Windows	Opera	276

(16 rows)

```

pg95plr=#
pg95plr=# -- GROUPING SETS にすると
pg95plr=# SELECT os, browser, sum(sessions)
pg95plr=# FROM test.ga_tbl
pg95plr=# GROUP BY GROUPING SETS (1, 2)
pg95plr=# HAVING sum(sessions) > 20
pg95plr=# ORDER BY 1, 2
pg95plr=# ;

```

os	browser	sum
Android		532
iOS		519
Linux		647
Macintosh		1847
Windows		24054
	Android Browser	144
	Chrome	11700
	Firefox	5752
	Internet Explorer	8490
	Iron	72
	Opera	319
	Safari	1080

(12 rows)

```
pg95plr=# █
```

カッコ内での () は、どの列も絞り込まない = 総計行

```
pg95plr=#
pg95plr=# -- GROUPING SETS にすると
pg95plr=# SELECT os, browser, sum(sessions)
pg95plr=# FROM test.ga_tbl
pg95plr=# GROUP BY GROUPING SETS (1, 2)
pg95plr=# HAVING sum(sessions) > 20
pg95plr=# ORDER BY 1, 2
pg95plr=# ;
```

os	browser	sum
Android		532
iOS		519
Linux		647
Macintosh		1847
Windows		24054
	Android Browser	144
	Chrome	11700
	Firefox	5752
	Internet Explorer	8490
	Iron	72
	Opera	319
	Safari	1080

(12 rows)

```
pg95plr=# █
```

```
pg95plr=#
pg95plr=# -- GROUPING SETS ( ) は総計行
pg95plr=# SELECT os, browser, sum(sessions)
pg95plr=# FROM test.ga_tbl
pg95plr=# GROUP BY GROUPING SETS (1, 2, ( )) --
pg95plr=# HAVING sum(sessions) > 20
pg95plr=# ORDER BY 1, 2
pg95plr=# ;
```

os	browser	sum
Android		532
iOS		519
Linux		647
Macintosh		1847
Windows		24054
	Android Browser	144
	Chrome	11700
	Firefox	5752
	Internet Explorer	8490
	Iron	72
	Opera	319
	Safari	1080
		27631

(13 rows)

```
pg95plr=# █
```

総計行を足した出力が、GROUPING SETS で簡単になる

```
pg95plr=#
pg95plr=# -- クロス表の例
pg95plr=# SELECT os, coalesce(sum(sessions) FILTER (WHERE browser = 'Chrome'), 0) chrome,
pg95plr=#       coalesce(sum(sessions) FILTER (WHERE browser = 'Firefox'), 0) firefox,
pg95plr=#       coalesce(sum(sessions) FILTER (WHERE browser = 'Internet Explorer'), 0) ie,
pg95plr=#       coalesce(sum(sessions), 0) all_browsers
pg95plr=# FROM test.ga_tbl
pg95plr=# WHERE os IN ('Linux', 'Macintosh', 'Windows')
pg95plr=#        AND browser IN ('Chrome', 'Firefox', 'Internet Explorer')
pg95plr=# GROUP BY 1
pg95plr=# ;
```

os	chrome	firefox	ie	all_browsers
Linux	145	490	0	635
Macintosh	950	278	0	1228
Windows	10285	4900	8489	23674

(3 rows)

```
pg95plr=# -- ↑ これに総計行を足すのが、従来は面倒■
```

総計行を足した出力が、GROUPING SETS で簡単になる

```
pg95plr=#
pg95plr=# -- 9.5からは総計行を足すのが簡単に
pg95plr=# SELECT os, coalesce(sum(sessions) FILTER (WHERE browser = 'Chrome'), 0) chrome,
pg95plr=#       coalesce(sum(sessions) FILTER (WHERE browser = 'Firefox'), 0) firefox,
pg95plr=#       coalesce(sum(sessions) FILTER (WHERE browser = 'Internet Explorer'), 0) ie,
pg95plr=#       coalesce(sum(sessions), 0) all_browsers
pg95plr=# FROM test.ga_tbl
pg95plr=# WHERE os IN ('Linux', 'Macintosh', 'Windows')
pg95plr=#        AND browser IN ('Chrome', 'Firefox', 'Internet Explorer')
pg95plr=# GROUP BY GROUPING SETS (1, ()) -- ここを変えるだけ
pg95plr=# ;
```

os	chrome	firefox	ie	all_browsers
Linux	145	490	0	635
Macintosh	950	278	0	1228
Windows	10285	4900	8489	23674
	11380	5668	8489	25537

(4 rows)

従来：クロス表に総計行を足すには UNION ALL など面倒

```
pg95plr=#
pg95plr=# -- 従来は、クロス表に総行計を足すには UNION ALL
pg95plr=# WITH cte AS (
pg95plr(#     SELECT os, coalesce(sum(sessions) FILTER (WHERE browser = 'Chrome'), 0) chrom
pg95plr(#         coalesce(sum(sessions) FILTER (WHERE browser = 'Firefox'), 0) firefox,
pg95plr(#         coalesce(sum(sessions) FILTER (WHERE browser = 'Internet Explorer'), 0) i
pg95plr(#         coalesce(sum(sessions), 0) all_browsers
pg95plr(#     FROM test.ga_tb1
pg95plr(#     WHERE os IN ('Linux', 'Macintosh', 'Windows')
pg95plr(#           AND browser IN ('Chrome', 'Firefox', 'Internet Explorer')
pg95plr(#     GROUP BY 1
pg95plr(# )
pg95plr-# SELECT * FROM cte
pg95plr-# UNION ALL
pg95plr-# SELECT NULL::text, sum(chrome), sum(firefox), sum(ie), sum(all_browsers)
pg95plr-# FROM cte
pg95plr-# ;
```

os	chrome	firefox	ie	all_browsers
Linux	145	490	0	635
Macintosh	950	278	0	1228
Windows	10285	4900	8489	23674
	11380	5668	8489	25537

(4 rows)

GROUPING SETS の例

```
pg95plr=#
pg95plr=# -- 総計行だけ不足例
pg95plr=# SELECT os, browser, sum(sessions)
pg95plr=# FROM test.ga_tbl
pg95plr=# GROUP BY GROUPING SETS ( (1, 2), ( ) ) -- (1, 2, ( ) ) とは別
pg95plr=# HAVING sum(sessions) > 20
pg95plr=# ORDER BY 1 NULLS FIRST, 2 NULLS FIRST
pg95plr=# ;
```

os	browser	sum
		27631
Android	Android Browser	144
Android	Chrome	279
Android	Firefox	78
Android	Opera	26
iOS	Chrome	35
iOS	Safari	471
Linux	Chrome	145
Linux	Firefox	490
Macintosh	Chrome	950
Macintosh	Firefox	278
Macintosh	Safari	602
Windows	Chrome	10285
Windows	Firefox	4900
Windows	Internet Explorer	8489
Windows	Iron	62
Windows	Opera	276

(17 rows)

```
pg95plr=#
pg95plr=# -- GROUPING SETS ( ( ) ) は総計行
pg95plr=# SELECT os, browser, sum(sessions)
pg95plr=# FROM test.ga_tbl
pg95plr=# GROUP BY GROUPING SETS (1, 2, ( ) ) -- ここ
pg95plr=# HAVING sum(sessions) > 20
pg95plr=# ORDER BY 1, 2
pg95plr=# ;
```

os	browser	sum
Android		532
iOS		519
Linux		647
Macintosh		1847
Windows		24054
	Android Browser	144
	Chrome	11700
	Firefox	5752
	Internet Explorer	8490
	Iron	72
	Opera	319
	Safari	1080
		27631

(13 rows)

GROUPING SETS で、普通の GROUP BY + 小計行

```
pg95plr=# -- 小計行も加えてみる
pg95plr=# SELECT os, browser, sum(sessions)
pg95plr=# FROM test.ga_tbl
pg95plr=# GROUP BY GROUPING SETS ( (1, 2), 1, ( ) )
pg95plr=# HAVING sum(sessions) > 20
pg95plr=# ORDER BY 1, 2
pg95plr=# :
```

os	browser	sum
Android	Android Browser	144
Android	Chrome	279
Android	Firefox	78
Android	Opera	26
Android		532
iOS	Chrome	35
iOS	Safari	471
iOS		519
Linux	Chrome	145
Linux	Firefox	490
Linux		647
Macintosh	Chrome	950
Macintosh	Firefox	278
Macintosh	Safari	602
Macintosh		1847
Windows	Chrome	10285
Windows	Firefox	4900
Windows	Internet Explorer	8489
Windows	Iron	62
Windows	Opera	276
Windows		24054
		27631

(22 rows)

GROUPING SETS でクロス表と同じデータ . ただし...

```
pg95plr=# -- クロス表と同じデータ、ただし存在しない組み合わせは出ない
pg95plr=# SELECT os, browser, sum(sessions)
pg95plr=# FROM test.ga_tbl
pg95plr=# WHERE os IN ('Linux', 'Macintosh', 'Windows')
pg95plr=#        AND browser IN ('Chrome', 'Firefox', 'Internet Explorer')
pg95plr=# GROUP BY GROUPING SETS ( (1, 2), 1, 2, () )
pg95plr=# ORDER BY 1 NULLS FIRST, 2 NULLS FIRST
pg95plr=# ;
```

os	browser	sum
		25537
	Chrome	11380
	Firefox	5668
	Internet Explorer	8489
Linux		635
Linux	Chrome	145
Linux	Firefox	490
Macintosh		1228
Macintosh	Chrome	950
Macintosh	Firefox	278
Windows		23674
Windows	Chrome	10285
Windows	Firefox	4900
Windows	Internet Explorer	8489

(14 rows)

GROUPING SETS でクロス表と同じデータ、ただし…

```

pg95plr=# -- クロス表と同じデータ、ただし存在しない組み合わせは出ない
pg95plr=# SELECT os, browser, sum(sessions)
pg95plr=# FROM test.ga_tbl
pg95plr=# WHERE os IN ('Linux', 'Macintosh', 'Windows')
pg95plr=# AND browser IN ('Chrome', 'Firefox', 'Internet Explorer')
pg95plr=# GROUP BY GROUPING SETS (os, browser, (os, browser))
pg95plr=# ORDER BY 1 NULLS FIRST;

```

os	chrome	firefox	ie	all_browsers
Linux	145	490	0	635
Macintosh	950	278	0	1228
Windows	10285	4900	8489	23674
	11380	5668	8489	25537

os	browser	sum
		25537
	Chrome	11380
	Firefox	5668
	Internet Explorer	8489
Linux		635
Linux	Chrome	145
Linux	Firefox	490
Macintosh		1228
Macintosh	Chrome	950
Macintosh	Firefox	278
Windows		23674
Windows	Chrome	10285
Windows	Firefox	4900
Windows	Internet Explorer	8489

(14 rows)

CUBE と ROLLUP : ある種の GROUPING SETS の短縮形

* GROUP BY GROUPING SETS ((1, 2), 1, 2, ())

||

GROUP BY CUBE (1, 2) …… 各列で絞る or 絞らないの、全組み合わせ

* GROUP BY GROUPING SETS ((1, 2), 1, ())

||

GROUP BY ROLLUP (1, 2) …… 片方向に（ツリー状に）絞る組み合わせ

■ まとめ

- ・ これまで別々に出していた総計・小計が、一回のクエリで済む
- ・ 外部アプリなどからクエリして表やグラフ作る際は、役立つかも（割合の算出、グラフ描画範囲の確定などに総計・小計をよく使う）
- ・ 元々ない組み合わせは、出ない（クエリ表のゼロ埋めはない）